

Name

KEY

Unit 3: Expressions PRACTICE BIG GAME

Learning Target: Write and evaluate expressions involving whole-number exponents.

Write each as a multiplication problem. Then, find the product.

1. 10 squared $10 \cdot 10$ 100

2. 3^4 $3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$ 81

3. 2 cubed $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$ 8

4. 6^3 $6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6$ 216

Write each expression in exponential form.

5. $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4$ 4^3 6. $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$ 2^6

7. five squared 5^2 8. h cubed h^3

Learning Target: Write an algebraic expression using numbers and variables (letters that represent numbers).

Write each word phrase as an algebraic expression.

9. 5 less than k $k - 5$

10. n increased by 7 $n + 7$

11. 5 multiplied by x $5x$

12. the sum of twice k and 3 $2k + 3$

13. Admission to the zoo costs \$3 per person. A family has a coupon for a discount of \$5. There are p people in the family. Write an expression to represent how much the family pays.

$3p - 5$

Learning Target: Identify and provide examples of the parts of an algebraic expression (sum, term, product, factor, quotient, and coefficient).

14. Identify the coefficients in the following expression: $2x + 4z + a + 6$
 $2, 4, 1$

15. Identify the variables in the following expression: $2x + 5y + 7$
 x, y

16. Identify the terms in the following expression: $4x + 6h + 8$
 $4x, 6h, 8$

Name the underlined number or letter as part of the algebraic expression.

17. $6\underline{x} + 9$
 variable

18. $8\underline{x} + 3$
 coefficient

19. $5x + 7y + \underline{5}$
 constant

Learning Target: Evaluate algebraic expressions at specific values for variables, including formulas, using Order of Operations.

20. Calculate the value of $24 \div (2 + 2 \cdot 3) \cdot 2^3$
 $2 + 6$
 $24 \div 8 \cdot 2^3$
 $24 \div 8 \cdot 8$
 $3 \cdot 8 = 24$

21. Determine if the expression below was evaluated correctly. If not, fix the mistake and give the correct answer.
 $5 + 18 \div 6 \cdot 4 - (8 \cdot 2 - 3^2)$
 $5 + 18 \div 6 \cdot 4 - (8 \cdot 2 - 9)$
 $5 + 18 \div 6 \cdot 4 - (16 - 9)$
 $5 + 18 \div 6 \cdot 4 - (5)$
 $5 + 3 \cdot 4 - 5$
 $5 + 12 - 5$
 $17 - 5 = 12$

Evaluate using order of operations.

22. $2^3 + 6 \cdot (15 - 12)$
 $8 + 6 \cdot 3$
 $8 + 18 = 26$

23. $(7 + 4) \cdot 3 - 2$
 $11 \cdot 3 - 2$
 $33 - 2$
 31

Evaluate each expression at $x = 2$.

24. $3 \cdot x + 2(5 - x)$
 $3 \cdot 2 + 2(5 - 2)$
 $2 \cdot 3$
 $6 + 6$
 12

25. $x^2 + x + 3(10 - x)$
 $2^2 + 2 + 3(10 - 2)$
 $4 + 2 + 3 \cdot 8$
 $4 + 2 + 24$
 $6 + 24 = 30$

Learning Target: Apply properties of operations to find equivalent expressions (distributive property).

26. Which shows an equivalent expression to $15x + 20y$?

- a. $5(3x + 4y)$
- b. $3(5x + 6y)$
- c. $20x + 15y$
- d. $4(4x + 3y)$

$$5(3x + 4y)$$

Write an equivalent expression for each expression.

27. $y + y + y$

$$\underline{3y}$$

28. $v \cdot v \cdot v \cdot v \cdot v$

$$\underline{v^5}$$

Use the distributive property to create an equivalent expression.

29. $3(2 + x)$

$$6 + 3x$$

30. $5x(x + 7)$

$$5x^2 + 35x$$

Learning Target: Combine like terms to find equivalent expressions.

Simplify each expression.

31. $(5t) + 3t^2 - (3t) + 9$

$$3t^2 + 2t + 9$$

32. $(4c) + (7v) - (2c) + (3v)$

$$2c + 10v$$

33. $(7a^2) + (4a) - (2a^2) + (3b) + 8 + (7b) + (6a)$

$$5a^2 + 10a + 10b + 8$$

34. Are $3a$ and $3a^2$ like terms? Why or why not?

No, a & a^2 are different variables

35. $(4x) + 2b - (x) + 9$

$$3x + 2b + 9$$

36. Which terms are LIKE TERMS?

$$(3x) (4a) (5x^2) (3a) (8x) (y) (5a)$$

$$3x \text{ \& } 8x$$

$$4a, 3a, \text{ \& } 5a$$

Learning Target: *Identify when two expressions are equivalent.*

37. Are the three expressions equivalent? How do you know?

$4m + 8$

$4(m + 2)$

$4m + 8$

$(3m) + 8 + (m)$

$4m + 8$

Yes, they are all equivalent to $4m + 8$.

38. Is the expression $(3x) + 8y + (4x)$ equivalent to $7x + 8y$? Why or why not?

$7x + 8y$

Yes, I combined like terms and the expressions are both equal to $7x + 8y$.